WHEREAS, the Regional Tripartite Wages and Productivity Board of Region X, recognizing the need to immediately address the pressing economic condition of the region, motu proprio, caused the publication of a notice of a public hearing on October 14, 2000 in Cagayan de Oro City;

WHEREAS, the Board conducted a series of public consultations in the different provinces of Region X in order to give the labor and management sectors the opportunity to present their stand regarding current wage issues brought about by successive increases in the price of oil, increase in the consumer price index, transport fare hike, and other supervening factors;

WHEREAS, the Board, after a thorough deliberation, has decided to adjust the wage levels in the region for the workers to cope with the rising cost of living without impairing the viability and the competitiveness of business establishments in the area;

WHEREAS, due to the unique characteristics of the Sugar Industry and considering that it is located solely in the Province of Bukidnon, the Board deems it necessary to reclassify the applicable pakyaw rates for agricultural workers in the sugar industry under one category;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the power and authority vested in the Board by Republic Act No. 6727, otherwise known as the WAGE RATIONALIZATION ACT, the Regional Tripartite Wages and Productivity Board of Region X, hereby issues this WAGE ORDER NO. RX-08:

Section 1. AMOUNT AND EFFECTIVITY OF THE NEW WAGE RATES INCLUSIVE OF THE INTEGRATION OF THE FIVE PESO (P5.00) COLA UNDER WAGE ORDER NO. RX-07 AND THE GRANT OF LIVING ALLOWANCE. Effective fifteen (15) days from publication of this Wage Order in at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation in the region, the minimum wage rates and the cost of living allowances of the workers and employees in the private sector in Region X shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Basic</th>
<th>COLA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Class A</td>
<td>Non-Agriculture - P173.00</td>
<td>P7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Agriculture - P163.00</td>
<td>P7.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Class B (Cities of Gingoog, Malaybalay, Ozamis, Oroquieta, Tangub and The Municipality of Valencia) |
|-----|-------|------|
| Non-Agriculture - P171.00 | P7.00 |
| Agriculture - P161.00   | P7.00 |

| Class C (All other Municipalities) |
|-----|-------|------|
| Non-Agriculture - P166.00 | P7.00 |
| Agriculture - P156.00   | P7.00 |

4. Applicable “Pakyaw Rates” for Agricultural Workers in the Sugar Industry (Regardless of geographical location)
ACTIVITY                                      RATES                EFFECTIVE MAY 1, 2001
                                  (Adjusted with COLA of P 7/day)
A. LAND PREPARATION AND CULTIVATION

1. Roamplow
   a) Moldboard                               P3,156.80/hectare  P3,294.00/hectare
   b) Carabao
      b.1) Owned by Planter       P 161.00/ day             P 168.00/ day
      b.2) Owned by Worker
         >Normal Soil            P1,052.00/hectare  P1,098.00/hectare
         >Coarse and Hilly       P1,894.00/hectare  P1,976.00/hectare

2. Harrowing (Karas)                       P   526.00/hectare  P   549.00/hectare

3. Planting basal including peeling        P 473.00/lacsa  P 494.00/lacsa

4. Hauling Cane Points
   a) Loading only                           P    63.00/lacsa  P    65.00/lacsa
   b) Loading and unloading                  P 105.00/lacsa  P 109.00/lacsa

5. Cutting Cane Points
   a) Sinsillo                               P 315.00/lacsa  P 329.00/lacsa
   b) Gupod                                  P 263.00/lacsa  P 274.00/lacsa

6. Peeling                                 P 105.00/lacsa  P 109.00/lacsa

7. Cutting Cane Points with Peeling        P 526.00/lacsa  P 549.00/lacsa

8. Fertilizing
   a) Tagad                                  P 42.00/bag  P 43.00/bag
   b) Bubod                                  P 34.00/bag  P 36.00/bag

9. Weeding
   a) High Density                          P1,052.00/hectare  P1,098.00/hectare
   b) Medium Density                       P 631.00/hectare  P 658.00/hectare
   c) Low Density                          P 420.00/hectare  P 439.00/hectare

10. Hilling-up (1 meter distance
    Between rows)                         P 161.00/pass/ha.* P 168.00/pass/ha.*

11. Harvesting (cutting and
    Loading Zero trash)                   P 105.00/ton  P 109.00/ton

B. RATOON

1. Peeling and Replanting                  P 526.00/lacsa  P 549.00/lacsa

2. Trash Scattering, burning and
    Cutting stump                          P 420.00/hectare  P 439.00/hectare

*The worker shall be entitled to an additional pay equivalent to at least 1/3 of the daily wage if he owns
the carabao.

Section 2. COVERAGE. All workers and employees in the private sector in Region X who are
receiving the minimum wage rates set by Wage Order No. Rx-07 shall be covered except household
or domestic helpers and persons in the personal service of another, including family drivers.

Section 3. BASIS OF MINIMUM WAGE. The minimum wage rates prescribed under this
wage order shall be for the normal working hours, which shall not exceed eight (8) hours work a
day excluding rest day.

Section 4. WORKERS PAID BY RESULTS. All workers paid by results, including those who are paid
on piecework, “takay”, “pakyaw”, or task basis, shall be entitled to receive the prescribed
minimum wage rates and COLA per eight hours of work a day, or a proportion thereof for
working less than eight (8) hours.
Section 5. WAGES OF SPECIAL GROUPS OF WORKERS. Wages of apprentices and learners shall in no case be less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the applicable minimum wage rates prescribed in this Order.

All recognized learnership and apprenticeship agreements entered into before the effectivity of this Order shall be considered automatically modified insofar as their wage clauses are concerned to reflect the new prescribed wage rates.

Section 6. APPLICATION TO PRIVATE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS. In the case of private educational institutions, the minimum wage adjustment shall take effect not later than the beginning of School Year 2001-2002, subject to the provisions of RA 6728 and other issuances.

Section 7. APPLICATION TO CONTRACTORS. In the case of contracts for construction projects, security, janitorial and similar services, the prescribed minimum wage rates shall be borne by the principal and all existing contracts to the contrary, shall be deemed amended accordingly.

In case of non-compliance, both the agent and the principal shall be jointly and severally liable.

Section 8. APPLICATION TO SECTORS AND SUBSECTORS WHOSE REVENUES ARE REGULATED BY LAW AND OTHER APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT ENTITIES. Entities whose revenues are regulated by law and other appropriate government offices shall be required to comply with this Wage Order effective upon approval of the adjustment in their rates by the concerned government agencies and instrumentalities but not later than six (6) months from the effectivity hereof, provided, that establishments granted by appropriate agencies during the three (3) months period immediately preceding this Wage Order shall comply with the minimum wage increase and COLA mandated herein on the date this Wage Order takes effect.

Section 9. EXEMPTIONS. Upon application with and as determined by the Board in accordance with applicable rules and regulations issued by the Commission, the following may be exempted from the applicability of this Wage Order:

a) Retail/Service establishments employing not more than ten (10) workers;

b) Distressed establishment;

c) New business enterprise (NBEs);

d) Establishment adversely affected by natural calamities.

Section 10. EFFECT OF APPLICATION FOR EXEMPTION. An application for exemption duly filed shall have the effect of deferring any action in any complaint for non-compliance with the Order until resolution of the application by the Regional Board.

In case the application for exemption is not approved, covered employees/workers of the applicant-establishment shall be paid the mandated wage and COLA increase under this Wage Order plus one percent (1%) interest per month retroactive to the effectivity of this Wage Order.

Section 11. APPEAL TO THE COMMISSION. Any party aggrieved by this Wage Order may file a verified appeal with the Commission through the Board within ten (10) calendar days from the publication of this Order.

Section 12. EFFECT OF FILING OF APPEAL. The filing of the appeal does not operate to stay the Order unless the party appealing such Order shall file with the Commission an undertaking with a surety or sureties satisfactory to the Commission for payment of the corresponding increase to employees affected by the Order in the event such Order is affirmed.

Section 13. EFFECTS ON EXISTING WAGE STRUCTURE OR WAGE DISTORTION. Where the application of the increases in the wage rates under this Order results in distortion of the wage structure within an establishment, the same shall be corrected in accordance with the procedure provided for under Art. 124 of the Labor Code, as amended.

The management and the labor union/representatives of affected establishments are enjoined to resolve the distortion through the labor-management councils/committees within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Wage Order with management having the primary responsibility of initiating the action using, whenever possible, the suggested model as may be contained in the Implementing Guidelines.

Section 14. COMPLAINTS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE. Complaints for non-compliance of this Wage Order shall be filed before the Regional Office of the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE) or any of its Provincial Extension Offices and shall be the subject of enforcement proceedings under Article 128 of the Labor Code, as amended, without prejudice to criminal prosecution which may be undertaken against those who fail to comply.
Section 15. NON-DIMINUTION OF BENEFITS. Nothing in this Wage Order shall be construed to reduce any existing wage rates, allowances, and benefits in any form under existing laws, decrees, issuances, executive orders and/or under any contract or agreement between the workers and employers.

Section 16. PENAL PROVISION. Any person, corporation, trust or firm, partnership, association or entity which refuses or fails to pay the prescribed wage increase/ allowances/ rates in accordance with this Order shall be subject to the penal provisions under RA 6727, as amended by RA 8188.

Section 17. PROHIBITION AGAINST INJUNCTION. No preliminary or permanent injunction or temporary restraining order may be issued by any Court, Tribunal or other entity against any proceedings before the Board.

Section 18. FREEDOM TO BARGAIN. This Order shall not be construed to prevent workers in particular firms or enterprises of industries from bargaining for higher wages with their respective employers.

Section 19. REPORTING REQUIREMENT. Any person, company, corporation, partnership, or any entity engaged in business shall submit a verified itemized listing of their labor component to the Board not later than January 31, 2001 and every year thereafter in accordance with the form prescribed by the Commission.

Section 20. REPEALING CLAUSE. All laws, orders, issuances, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provision of this Wage Order are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

Section 21. SEPARABILITY CLAUSE. If, for any reason, any section or provision of this Wage Order is declared unconstitutional or illegal, the other provisions or parts shall remain valid.

Section 22. IMPLEMENTING RULES. The Board shall prepare the necessary rules to implement this Wage Order subject to the approval of the Secretary of Labor and Employment.

Section 23. EFFECTIVITY. This Wage Order shall take effect fifteen (15) days from its publication in at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation in the region.

APPROVED UNANIMOUSLY. Cagayan de Oro City, Philippines, October 16, 2000.

(SGD) PRUDENCIO T. PLAZA JR.                (SGD) ARSENIO L. SEBASTIAN III
Management Representative                  Management Representative

(SGD) FLORENCIA P. CABATINGAN
Labor Representative

(SGD) NINFA ALONG-ALBANIA                 (SGD) RAYMUNDO E. FONOLLERA
Vice-Chairman, DTI-X                      Vice-Chairman, NEDA-X

(SGD) ALAN M. MACARAYA
Chairman, RTWPB-X
Republic of the Philippines
Department of Labor and Employment
REGIONAL TRIPARTITE WAGES AND PRODUCTIVITY BOARD
REGION X, NORTHERN MINDANAO

RULES IMPLEMENTING WAGE ORDER NO. RX-08
PROVIDING FOR NEW MINIMUM WAGE RATES
AND COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCE IN REGION X

Pursuant to Section 5, Rule IV of the NWPC Rules of Procedure on Minimum Wage Fixing, and to the authority granted to the Regional Tripartite Wages and Productivity Board under Republic Act No. 6727, the following rules are hereby issued for the guidance and compliance by all concerned:

RULE 1
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

Section 1. TITLE. These Rules shall be known as the Rules Implementing Wage Order No. Rx-08.

Section 2. DEFINITION OF TERMS.

a) “Order” refers to Wage Order No. Rx-08;
b) “Commission” refers to the National Wages and Productivity Commission;
c) “Board” refers to the Regional Tripartite Wages and Productivity Board of Region X;
d) “Region X” covers the provinces of Bukidnon, Camiguin, Misamis Occidental and Misamis Oriental and the Cities of Cagayan de Oro, Gingoog, Oroquieta, Ozamis, Tangub and Malaybalay;
e) “Agriculture” refers to farming in all its branches and among others, includes the cultivation and tillage of the soil, production, cultivation, growing and harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodities, dairying, raising of livestock or poultry, the culture of fish and other aquatic products in farms of ponds and any activities performed by a farmer on a farm as an incident to or in conjunction with such farming operations, but does not include the manufacturing and/or processing of sugar, coconut, tobacco, pineapple, or other farm products;
f) “Retail Establishment” is one principally engaged in the sale of goods to end-users for personal or household use;
g) “Service Establishment” is one principally engaged in the sale of service to individuals for their own or household use and generally recognized as such;
h) “Distressed Establishment” refers to an establishment which meets the criteria enumerated under these Rules and Section 3(A) of NWPC Guidelines No. 01 Series of 1996;
i) “Department” refers to the Department of Labor and Employment;
j) “Basic Wage” means all remuneration or earnings paid by an employer to a worker for services rendered on normal working days and hours but does not include cost of living allowances, profit sharing payments, premium payments, 13th month pay and other monetary benefits which are not considered as part of or integrated into the regular salary of the workers on the date this Wage Order becomes effective;
k) “Minimum Wage Rates” refers to the lowest wage rate that an employer can pay his workers, as fixed by the Board.
l) “Wage Distortion” means a situation where an increase in prescribed wage rates results in the elimination or severe contraction of intentional quantitative differences in wage or salary rates between and among employee groups in an establishment as to effectively obliterate the distinctions embodied in such wage structure based on skills, length of service, or other logical bases of differentiation;
m) “Establishment” refers to an economic unit which engages in one or predominantly one kind of economic activity at a single fixed location;
n) "Capital" refers to paid-up capital at the end of the last full accounting period, in the case of corporations or total invested capital at the beginning of the period under review, in the case of partnerships and single proprietorships;

o) "Full Accounting Period" refers to a period of twelve (12) months or one year of business operations;

p) "Deficit" refers to the negative balance of the retained earnings account of a corporation. Retained earnings represent the cumulative balance of periodic earnings, dividend distributions, prior period adjustments and other capital adjustments;

q) "New Business Enterprises" refers to establishments, including non-profit institutions, established outside export processing zones within two (2) years from effectivity of Wage Order No. Rx-08 based on the latest registration with the appropriate government agency such as SEC, DTI, CDA and the Mayor’s Office;

r) "Sugar Industry" refers to cultivation of the land appropriate for the plantation of sugarcane, which includes all activities from the cultivation of the land, the planting of sugarcane up to the time of the harvesting of the same;

s) "Sugar Planter" refers to the person in lawful possession of the land devoted to sugar-cane plantation;

t) "Sugar Worker" refers to the person hired by the sugar planter to do any of the activities in the sugar-cane plantation;

u) "Lacsa" is equivalent to 10,000 cane points;

v) "Pakyaw rate" refers to the rate of remuneration earned by a worker for performing a specific work irrespective of the time consumed in the performance thereof;

w) "Roamplow" refers to the activity which includes turning up the soil, casting out the roots, loosening the soil, aerating the soil, burying the stubble and weeds, with the end purpose of exposing the sub-soil;

x) "Mold-board" refers to the curved metal plate of a plow, by which the soil is turned over and pulverized;

y) "Harrowing" refers to the act of breaking up clods and covering seeds by using a heavy frame with iron teeth dragged over ploughed lands;

z) "Tagad" refers to the practice of applying fertilizer using an instrument also called "tagad";

aa) "Bubod" refers to the practice of applying fertilizer by spreading it on the soil;

bb) "Sinillo" refers to the top portion of the sugar-cane which is fit for planting;

cc) "Gupod" refers to the lower portion of the sugar-cane which is ready for planting;

dd) "High Density" is when the spaces not planted with sugar-cane are covered with 70-100% weeds;

ee) "Medium Density" is when the spaces not planted with sugar-cane plant are covered with 50-69% weeds;

ff) "Low Density" is when the spaces not planted with sugar-cane plant are covered with less than 50% weeds;

gg) "Hilling-up" commonly known as “surko” is the practice of covering the planted sugar-cane with additional soil by using a plow drawn by a carabao;

hh) "Ratoon" means the second or third cropping of the sugar-canes;

ii) "COLA" means cost of living allowance;

jj) "Output rate" refers to the rate per unit of output.
RULE II
NEW MINIMUM WAGE RATES AND COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCE

Section 1. AMOUNT AND EFFECTIVITY OF THE NEW WAGE RATES INCLUSIVE OF THE INTEGRATION OF FIVE PESO (P5.00) COLA GRANTED UNDER WAGE ORDER NO. RX-07 AND THE GRANT OF COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCE. Effective fifteen (15) days from the publication of this Wage Order in at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation in the region, the minimum wage rates of the workers in the private sector in Region X shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BASIC</th>
<th>COLA (Effective May 1, 2001)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Class A (Cagayan de Oro City, the municipalities of Tagoloan, Villanueva and Jasaan of Misamis Oriental)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Agriculture</td>
<td>P173.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>P163.00</td>
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<td>2. Class B (Cities of Gingoog, Malaybalay, Ozamis, Oroquieta, Tangub and The municipality of Valencia)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Agriculture</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>P156.00</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

4. Applicable “Pakyaw Rates” for Agricultural Workers in the Sugar Industry (Regardless of geographical location)

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<tr>
<th>ACTIVITY</th>
<th>RATES</th>
<th>EFFECTIVE MAY 1, 2001</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>A. LAND PREPARATION AND CULTIVATION</td>
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<td>3. Planting basal including peeling</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. Hauling Cane Points</td>
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9. Weeding
a) High Density          P1,052.00/hectare  P1,098.00/hectare
b) Medium Density                      P  631.00/hectare  P  658.00/hectare
c) Low Density                      P  420.00/hectare  P  439.00/hectare

10. Hilling-up (1 meter distance
    Between rows)                     P  161.00/pass/ha.* P  168.00/pass/ha.*

11. Harvesting (cutting and
    Loading Zero trash)                     P  105.00/ton  P  109.00/ton

B. RATOON
1. Peeling and Replanting        P  526.00/lacsa          P  549.00/lacsa
2. Trash Scattering, burning and
    Cutting stump        P  420.00/hectare  P  439.00/hectare

*The worker shall be entitled to an additional pay equivalent to at least 1/3 of the daily wage if he
owns the carabao.

Section 2. BASIS OF APPLICABLE PAKYAW RATES FOR AGRICULTURAL WORKERS
IN THE SUGAR INDUSTRY. The rates prescribed for the agricultural workers in the sugar
industry in Wage Order No. Rx-08 are derived using the Minimum Wage Adjustment Formula
prescribed under Department Order No. 19 series of 1989, after taking into consideration the
present pakyaw rates actually paid in the sugar industry in Region X as follows:

Step 1. To get percentage increase:

\[
\text{Amount of Increase in AMW/ Previous AMW} \times 100 = \% \text{ increase}
\]

Step 2. To get increase in rate/ pakyaw:

\[
\text{Existing rate per pakyaw} \times \% \text{ increase} = \text{Increase in rate per pakyaw}
\]

Step 3. To get adjusted rate per pakyaw:

\[
\text{Existing rate per pakyaw} + \text{Increase in rate per pakyaw} = \text{Adjusted rate}
\]

To establish baseline data on man-day(s) requirement of activities, this formula is used, as
derived from the variables given in Department Order No. 19 series 1989:

\[
\text{Man-days} = \frac{\text{Pakyaw rates}}{\text{AMW}}
\]

Where: AMW is the adjusted minimum wage

All pakyaw rates converted into daily rates should not be lower than the daily minimum wage
rate provided for under Wage Order No. Rx-08.

Section 3. COVERAGE. All workers and employees in the private sector in Region X who are
receiving less than the minimum wage set by Wage Order No. Rx-08 shall be covered except
household or domestic helpers and persons in the personal service of another, including family
drivers.

Section 4. BASIS OF MINIMUM WAGE RATES. The minimum wage rates prescribed herein
shall be for the normal working hours, which shall not exceed eight (8) hours work a day.

Section 5. APPLICATION TO SECTORS AND SUBSECTORS WHOSE REVENUES ARE
REGULATED BY LAW AND OTHER APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT ENTITIES. Entities whose
revenues are regulated by law and other appropriate government offices shall comply with this
Wage Order upon approval of the adjustment in their rates by the concerned government agencies
and instrumentalities which shall not be later than six (6) months from the effectivity of the Wage
Order.
However, establishments granted adjustment by appropriate government agencies and instrumentalities within the three (3) months-period immediately preceding Wage Order No. Rx-08 shall comply with the new minimum wage rates and COLA mandated herein upon its effectivity.

Section 6. APPLICATION TO PRIVATE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS. In the case of educational institutions, the minimum wage adjustment shall take effect not later than the beginning of School Year 2001-2002.

Section 7. APPLICATION TO CONTRACTORS. In the case of contracts for construction projects, security, janitorial and similar services, the prescribed minimum wage rates shall be borne by the principal and all existing contracts to the contrary, shall be deemed amended accordingly.

In case of non-compliance, both the agent and the principal shall be jointly and severally liable.

Section 8. WORKERS PAID BY RESULTS. All workers paid by results, including those who are paid on piecework, “takay”, “pakyaw”, or task basis shall be entitled to receive the prescribed new minimum wage and COLA per eight hours of work a day, or a proportion thereof for working less than eight (8) hours.

The adjusted minimum wage rates for workers paid by results shall be computed in accordance with the following steps:

\[ \text{a) Amount of increase in AMW} \times \frac{100}{\text{Previous AMW}} = \% \text{ increase;} \]
\[ \text{b) Existing rate/piece} \times \% \text{ increase} = \text{Increase in rate/piece;} \]
\[ \text{c) Existing rate/piece} + \text{Increase in rate/piece} = \text{Adjusted rate/piece} \]

Where: AMW is the adjusted minimum wage rate.

The wage rates of workers who are paid by results shall continue to be established in accordance with Article 101 of the Labor Code, as amended and its implementing regulations;

Section 9. WAGES OF SPECIAL GROUPS OF WORKERS. Wages of apprentices and learners shall in no case be less than 75 percent of the adjusted minimum wage rates prescribed in the Order.

All recognized learnership and apprenticeship agreements entered into before the effectivity of the Order shall be considered as automatically modified insofar as their wage clauses are concerned to reflect the prescribed minimum wage under the Order.

Section 10. SUGGESTED FORMULA IN DETERMINING THE EQUIVALENT MONTHLY REGIONAL MINIMUM WAGE RATES. Without prejudice to existing company practices, agreements or policies, the following formula shall be used in determining the equivalent monthly minimum wage rates:

\[ \text{a) For those who are required to work everyday including Sundays or rest days, special days and regular holidays:} \]

\[ \text{Equivalent Monthly Rate} = \text{Applicable Daily Wage Rate} \times 391.50 \text{ days} \]
\[ \text{Where:} \text{ 391.50 days} = \frac{A + B + C + D + E}{12} \]

Where:
\[ A = 302.0 \text{ ordinary working days} \]
\[ B = 18.0 \text{ days which is 9 regular holidays} \times 200\% \]
\[ C = 2.6 \text{ days which 1 regular holiday falling on last Sunday of August } \times 200\% + (30\% \text{ of } 200\%) \]
\[ D = 66.3 \text{ days which is 51 rest days} \times 130\% \]
\[ E = 2.6 \text{ days which is 2 special days (if worked)} \times 130\% \]

\[ 391.5 \text{ days} \]

\[ \text{b) For those who do not work but are considered paid on rest days, special days and regular holiday:} \]

\[ \text{EMR} = \frac{\text{ADR} \times 365 \text{ days}}{12} \]

Where: EMR is Equivalent Monthly Rate
365 days = A + B + C + D

Where: A = 302 Ordinary working days
      B = 51 Rest days
      C = 10 Regular Holidays
      D = 2 Special days

365 Days

c) For those who do not work and are not considered paid on Sundays or rest days:

EMR = ADR X 314.6 days
     -----------------------------
        12

Where: 314.6 days = A + B + C
      A = 302 ordinary working days
      B = 10 regular holidays
      C = 2.6 which is 2 special days (if worked)
           x 130%

314.6 days

d) For those who do not work and are not considered paid on Saturdays and Sundays or Rest days:

EMR = ADR X 262.6 days
     -----------------------------
        12

Where: 262.6 days = A + B + C
      A = 250.0 Ordinary working days
      B = 10.0 Regular Holidays
      C = 2.6 which is 2 Special days (if worked)
           x 130%

262.6 days

For workers whose rest days do not fall on Sundays, the number of rest days is 52 days, as there are 52 weeks in a year.

Section 11. MOBILE AND BRANCH WORKERS. The minimum wage rates of workers, who by nature of their work have to travel, shall be those applicable in the domicile or head office of the employer.

The minimum wage rates of workers working in branches or agencies of establishments within the Region shall be those applicable in the place where they are stationed.

Section 12. TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL. The transfer of personnel to areas outside the Region shall not be a valid ground for the reduction of the wage rates being enjoyed by the workers prior to such transfer. The workers transferred to the other Regions with higher wage rates shall be entitled to the minimum wage rate applicable therein.

Section 13. APPEAL TO THE COMMISSION. Any party aggrieved by the Wage Order may file an appeal with the Commission within ten (10) calendar days from the publication of the Order. The Commission shall decide the appeal within sixty (60) calendar days from the date of filing. The appeal shall be accompanied by a memorandum of appeal which shall state the grounds relied upon and the arguments in support of the appeal.

Section 14. EFFECT OF APPEAL. The filing of the appeal does not operate to stay the Order unless the party appealing such Order shall file with the Commission an undertaking with a surety or sureties satisfactory to the Commission for payment to employees affected by the Order of the corresponding increase, in the event such Order is affirmed.

RULE III
EXEMPTION

Section 1. WORKERS NOT COVERED IN THE ORDER. Not covered by the Order are household or domestic helpers and persons employed in the personal service of another, including family drivers.
Section 2. WHO MAY BE EXEMPTED. Upon application with, and as determined by the Board, in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations issued by the Commission, the following may be exempted from the applicability of the Order:

a) Retail/Service establishments employing not more than ten (10) workers;

b) Distressed establishments which include the following:
   b.1) Stock Corporations/Cooperatives
   b.2) Single Proprietorships/partnerships
   b.3) Non-Stock Non-profit organizations
   b.4) Bank and quasi-banks under receivership/liquidation and under controllership/conservatorship

c) New Business Enterprises (NBEs) as defined under Rule I; and

d) Establishments adversely affected by natural calamities.

Section 3. APPLICATION FOR EXEMPTION. Not later than SEVENTY-FIVE (75) days from the date of publication of these Rules, qualified establishments particularly, the owner/manager or duly authorized representative thereof, either through personal service or by registered mail, may file an application for exemption with the Board or with the Provincial Extension Offices of the Department, in three (3) copies.

All applications for exemption must be accompanied by complete supporting documents as enumerated under Section 4, Rule III of these Rules.

No extension for filing and submission of the required documents shall be allowed pursuant to NWPC Resolution No. 1, series of 1999.

The date of mailing shall be deemed as the date of filing.

New Businesses established after the effectivity of this Wage Order, may file an application for exemption with the Board or any Provincial Extension Office of the Department not later than seventy-five (75) days from the date of registration.

All applications for exemption must be supported by proof of notice to the Union President/contracting party (in case the establishment is organized) or a copy of the circular giving general notice to all workers (if there is no union), that an application for exemption from compliance with the Order has been filed with the Board. The proof of notice, which may be translated in the vernacular, shall state that the workers’ representative was furnished a copy of the application with all the supporting documents. The notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the establishment.

Section 4. SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS. Aside from those prescribed in Sec. 3 Rule III of these Rules, and in accordance with the rules prescribed in the NWPC Revised Guidelines on Exemption, the following supporting documents shall be submitted together with the application:

A. For Retail/Service Establishments Employing not more than Ten (10) Workers:
   1. Affidavit from the employer stating the following:
      a) It is a retail/service establishment;
      b) It is regularly employing not more than (10) workers for at least six months in any calendar year;
      c) Number of employees with its corresponding names and date of Employment.
   2. Business permit for the current year from the appropriate government agency.

B. For Distressed Establishments:
   1. For Corporations, cooperatives, single proprietorships, partnerships, non-stock, non-profit organizations.
      a) Audited financial statements (together with the Auditor’s opinion and the notes thereto) for the last two (2) full accounting periods
b) Audited interim quarterly financial statements (together with the notes thereto) for the period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order;

2. For Banks and Quasi-banks
   a) Certification from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas that it is under receivership/liquidation

C. For New Business Enterprises
   1. Affidavit from employer regarding the following:
      a) Principal economic activity;
      b) Date of registration with appropriate agency;
      c) Number of employees with its corresponding names and date of employment;
      d) Amount of total assets.

   2. Certificate of registration from the appropriate government agency.

D. For Establishments Adversely Affected by Natural Calamities.
   1. Affidavit from the General Manager or Chief Executive Officer of the establishment regarding the following:
      a) Date and type of calamity;
      b) Amount of losses/damages suffered as a direct result of the calamity;
      c) List of properties damaged/lost together with estimated evaluation;
      d) For properties that are not insured, a statement that the same are not covered by insurance.

   2. Copies of insurance policy contracts covering the properties damaged, if any;

   3. Adjuster’s report for insured properties;

   4. Audited financial statements for the last full accounting period preceding the effectivity of the Order stamped received by the appropriate government agency.

In case an application for exemption is filed with incomplete supporting documents, the applicant shall be notified and shall be given ten (10) days from receipt of the notice to complete the documents required, otherwise the application shall be dismissed.

The Board may require submission of other pertinent documents to support the application for exemption.

Section 5. DURATION AND EXTENT OF EXEMPTION. Establishments shall be granted full exemption of one (1) year from the effectivity of the Order for all categories of exemption.

However, a partial exemption of 50% with respect to the amount or period of exemption shall be granted only in the case of distressed establishments, as follows:

a) For corporations/ cooperatives

   When deficit as of the last full accounting period or interim period, if any, immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to less than 20% of the paid-up capital of the same period.

b) For single proprietorships/ partnerships

   When the net accumulated losses for the period under review amounts to at least 15% but less than 20% of the total invested capital at the beginning of the period under review.
When the net accumulated losses for the period under review preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to at least 15% but less than 20% of the fund balance/members’ contribution at the beginning of the period under review.

Section 6. EFFECT OF FILING AN APPLICATION FOR EXEMPTION. Whenever an application for exemption has been duly filed with the Board, action on any complaint for alleged non-compliance with the Order shall be deferred by the Regional Office of the Department.

Section 7. EFFECT OF DISAPPROVED APPLICATION. In the event that an application for exemption is denied, the employees of the applicant firm shall receive the appropriate wage increase due them as provided for under this Wage Order plus a simple interest of one percent (1%) per month retroactive to the effectivity of the Order.

Section 8. MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION. An aggrieved party may file with the Board a motion for reconsideration of the decision on the application for exemption within ten (10) days from receipt of the decision, stating the particular grounds upon which the motion is based, and copy furnished the other party. The DOLE Regional Office X should also be furnished a copy of the motion for reconsideration.

The decision of the Board, unless appealed to the Commission, shall be final and executory. No second motion for reconsideration shall be entertained in any case.

RULE IV
SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. EFFECT ON EXISTING WAGE STRUCTURES. Should any dispute arise as a result of wage distortion, the employer and the union shall negotiate to correct such distortions through the grievance procedure under their collective bargaining agreement, and if it remains unresolved, through voluntary arbitration. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties in writing, such dispute shall be decided by the voluntary arbitrator or panel of voluntary arbitrators within ten (10) calendar days from the time said dispute was referred to voluntary arbitration.

In cases where there are no collective bargaining agreements or recognized labor unions, the employers and workers shall endeavor to correct such distortions within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Wage Order with management having the primary responsibility of initiating the action using, whenever possible, the suggested model as may be contained in the Implementing Guidelines. Any dispute arising therefrom shall be settled through the National Conciliation and Mediation Board and if it remains unresolved after ten (10) calendar days of conciliation, the same shall be referred to the appropriate branch of the National Labor Relations Commission (NLRC). The NLRC shall conduct continuous hearings and decide the dispute within twenty (20) calendar days from the time said dispute is submitted for compulsory arbitration.

The pendency of a dispute arising from wage distortion shall not in any way delay the applicability of any increase prescribed in the Order.

Section 2. COMPLAINTS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE. Complaints for non-compliance with the Order shall be filed with the Regional Office of the Department having jurisdiction over the workplace and shall be the subject of enforcement proceedings under Articles 128 and 129 of the Labor Code, as amended.

Section 3. CONDUCT OF INSPECTION BY THE DEPARTMENT. The Department shall conduct inspections of establishments, as often as necessary, to determine whether workers are paid the prescribed wage rates and other benefits granted by law or any Wage Order. In the conduct of inspection in unionized companies, Department inspectors shall always be accompanied by the president or other responsible officer of the recognized bargaining unit or of any interested union. In the case of non-unionized establishments, a worker representing the workers in the said company will accompany the inspector.

The workers’ representative shall have the right to submit his own findings to the Department and to testify on the same if he does not concur with the findings of the labor inspector.

Section 4. NON-DIMINUTION OF BENEFITS. Nothing in the Order and in this Rules shall be construed to reduce any existing wage rates, allowances and benefits of any form under existing laws, decrees, issuances, executive orders, and/or under any contract or agreement between the workers and the employers.

Section 5. PENAL PROVISION. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 12 of RA 6727, as amended by RA 8188, any person, corporation, trust, firm, partnership, association or entity which
THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000.00) or imprisonment of not less than TWO (2) years nor more than FOUR (4) years or BOTH such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the Court. Provided, that any person convicted under the Order shall not be entitled to the benefits provided for under the Probation Law.

The employer concerned shall be ordered to pay an amount equivalent to double the unpaid benefits owing to the employees. Provided, that payment of indemnity shall not absolve the employer from the criminal liability imposable under the Act.

If the violation is committed by a corporation, trust or firm, partnership, association or any other entity, the penalty of imprisonment shall be imposed upon the entity’s responsible officers, including but not limited to the president, vice-president, chief executive officer, general manager, managing director or partner.

Section 6. PROHIBITION AGAINST INJUNCTION. No preliminary or permanent injunction or temporary restraining order may be issued by any Court, tribunal or other entity against any proceedings before the Commission or Board.

Section 7. FREEDOM TO BARGAIN. The Order shall not be construed to prevent workers in particular firms or enterprises of industries from bargaining for higher wages and flexible working arrangements with their respective employers.

In view of the increase granted by this wage order, the employers and the workers are hereby encouraged to review their wage structure taking into account this Wage Order.

Section 8. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. Any person, company, corporation, partnership or any entity engaged in business shall submit a verified itemized listing of their labor component to the Board not later than January 31, 2001 and every year thereafter in accordance with the form prescribed by the Commission. Henceforth, all establishments applying for exemptions from wage orders subsequently issued by this Board shall be required to submit said document.

Section 9. REPEALING CLAUSE. All laws, orders, issuances, rules and regulations on wages, or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of the Wage Order and these Rules are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

Section 10. SEPARABILITY CLAUSE. If any provision or part of the Order and these Rules, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the Order and these Rules or the application of such provision or part thereof to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Section 11. EFFECTIVITY. These Rules shall take effect on November 10, 2000.

APPROVED. OCTOBER 17, 2000, CAGAYAN DE ORO CITY, PHILIPPINES.

(SGD) PRUDENCIO T. PLAZA JR.                              (SGD) ARSENIO L. SEBASTIAN III
Management Representative                                Management Representative

(SGD) FLORENCIA P. CABATINGAN
Labor Representative

(SGD) NINFA ALONG-ALBANIA                                (SGD) RAYMUNDO E. FONOLLERA
Vice-Chairman, DTI-X                                     Vice-Chairman, NEDA-X

(SGD) ALAN M. MACARAYA
Chairman, RTWPB-X                                        Regional Director, DOLE-X

APPROVED this 25th day of October 2000.

(SGD) BIENVENIDO E. LAGUESMA
Secretary
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT